



North American Baseball League (NABL) - Official Constitution

*Last revision: **September 29, 2025***

Originally written by David Greiner; modified by Dann Chow

This is the official Constitution of the NABL. This Constitution is a living document and will be changed from time to time. Responsibility for changes lies with the NABL Commissioner, but most rule changes will be voted upon quasi-democratically. By being an owner in the NABL, you are agreeing to treat all other owners with respect, to be competitive to the best of your abilities, and to be flexible enough to adhere to rules that may be adjusted from time-to-time.

Sept 2025 updates – all updates are shown in red. The current updates reflect the change from two to three divisions, the updated playoff structure, and the updated payout structure.

1. OVERVIEW

1.1 Current Reigning Champion	2025: Pesky Polecats (Dylan White)
1.1 (b) Past Champions	2024: Ponson's Waistline (Bill Gipperich) 2023: Pesky Polecats (Dylan White) 2022: Pesky Polecats (Dylan White) 2021: Pesky Polecats (Dylan White) 2020: Pesky Polecats (Dylan White) 2019: Bama Groove (Daaron Sarver) 2018: Pesky Polecats (Dylan White) 2017: Cold Spell (Dann Chow) 2016: Cold Spell (Dann Chow) 2015: Pesky Polecats (Dylan White) 2014: Cold Spell (Dann Chow) 2013: Hunting for RLJ (Tim McLeod) 2012: Saratoga Spiders (Tim Haupt) 2011: High Heat (Todd Habiger) 2010: Hidalgo All-Stars (Steve Parsons) 2009: Cold Spell (Dann Chow) 2008: Hunting for RLJ (Tim McLeod) 2007: Mad Cows (David Greiner) 2006: StL Cardinals (Rick Griffith) 2005: High Heat (Todd Habiger) 2004: Mad Cows (David Greiner) 2003: Cold Spell (Dann Chow) 2002: Daaron's Dance Groove (Daaron Sarver)
1.2 Runner-ups	2025: Bulldogs (Helder Dos Santos) – Div Champ Ponson's Waistline (Bill Gipperich) – WC Winner 2024: Cold Spell (Dann Chow) – WC Winner Pesky Polecats (Dylan White) – Div Champ 2023: Springfield Isotopes (Joe Cory) – Div Champ Ponson's Waistline (Bill Gipperich) – Div Champ

	2022: Ponson's Waistline (Bill Gipperich) – Div Champ Cold Spell (Dann Chow) – WC Winner 2021: Cold Spell (Dann Chow) – Div Champ Bulldogs (Helder Dos Santos) – WC Winner 2020: Cold Spell (Dann Chow) – Div Champ The Batemans (Cory Delbridge) – WC Winner 2019: Bulldogs (Helder Dos Santos) – WC Winner Pesky Polecats (Dylan White) – Div Champ 2018: High Heat (Todd Habiger) – WC Winner Bama Groove (Daaron Sarver) – Div Champ 2017: Pesky Polecats (Dylan White) – Div Champ Saratoga Spiders (Tim Haupt) – WC Winner 2016: Pesky Polecats (Dylan White) – Div Champ Ponson's Waistline (Bill Gipperich) – Div Champ 2015: Hunting for RLJ (Tim McLeod) 2014: Pesky Polecats (Dylan White) 2013: Springfield Isotopes (Joe Cory) 2012: Hunting for RLJ (Tim McLeod) 2011: Bama Groove (Daaron Sarver) 2010: Hunting for RLJ (Tim McLeod) 2009: The Batemans (Cory Delbridge) 2008: Cold Spell (Dann Chow) 2007: Landlocked Sharks (Eric Hardman) 2006: Mad Cows (David Greiner) 2005: Mad Cows (David Greiner) 2004: High Heat (Todd Habiger) 2003: The Green Monster (David Cevero) 2002: Mad Cows (David Greiner)
1.2(b) Wild Card Participants	2025: Saratoga Spiders (Tim Haupt) Cold Spell (Dann Chow) 2024: Saratoga Spiders (Tim Haupt) The Batemans (Cory Delbridge) 2023: Bulldogs (Helder Dos Santos) Cold Spell (Dann Chow) 2022: Springfield Isotopes (Joe Cory) Bulldogs (Helder Dos Santos) 2021: Ponson's Waistline (Bill Gipperich) Springfield Isotopes (Joe Cory) 2020: no wild card due to pandemic 2019: High Heat (Todd Habiger) Ponson's Waistline (Bill Gipperich) 2018: Springfield Isotopes (Joe Cory) Bulldogs (Helder Dos Santos) 2017: High Heat (Todd Habiger) The Batemans (Cory Delbridge) 2016: Saratoga Spiders (Tim Haupt)

	Bama Groove (Daaron Sarver)
1.3 Object of the Game	To win the league, you assemble a daily lineup of 18 Major League Baseball players whose cumulative statistics, during the regular season defined below, compiled and measured by the methods described below, exceed those of all other teams in the League. Then you kick someone's butt in the NABL playoffs, as described below in Section 7.
1.4 League Size	12 teams, separated into two six-team divisions (Sidd Finch and Joe Shlabotnik divisions). Realignment will take place every 3-5 years, at discretion of the Commissioner. 12 teams, separated into three four-team divisions (division names TBD). Realignment will take place every 3-5 years, at discretion of the Commissioner.
1.5 League Calendar (approx.)	• Spring Auction (<i>Feb-Mar</i>) • NABL Regular Season (<i>Apr-Sep</i>) • Trade Deadline (<i>11:59 pm EDT August 20</i>) • Wild Card Scramble (<i>3rd last week of MLB regular season</i>) • NABL Super Series (<i>last 2 weeks of MLB regular season</i>) • Keeper Submissions (<i>Oct-Nov</i>) • Winter Draft (<i>Nov-Dec</i>) • Take-Out-the-Trash Deadline (<i>one week before Spring Auction</i>) League calendar may be adjusted by the NABL Commissioner in the event of changes to the MLB schedule. This could mean changes to the NABL Regular Season and playoff structure. However, if there is an MLB season, then NABL will make every effort to have an NABL Champion that year.

2. ROSTERS

2.1 Roster Size Requirements	Required roster size after Spring Auction = 30 Maximum roster size at all times = 34 (including Injured) Minimum roster size at all times during season = 18
2.2 Active Roster (18)	All teams must be able to field an active roster at all times during the season (from Spring Auction to end of NABL Season) (using position eligibilities as listed on CBS web site).

	Active roster means players who are eligible at each of the following positions: C, 1B, 2B, 3B, SS, 4 OF, UT, 4 SP, 4 RP. Can include Injured players or in minor leagues.
2.3 Reserve Roster (up to 12) and Injured Slots (up to 4)	Any player not active is a reserve. After Spring Auction, reserve roster must be 12. During the season, this number can go below 12, but must never exceed 12. Any transaction that increases the overall roster size must be accompanied by a transaction to return to maximum of 12. Each team is also allowed up to four additional Injured players during the season. To be eligible for the Injured slot, a player must be on the MLB Injured List and so recognized by the web site. This player must return to active/reserve duty after returning from the MLB disabled list, as per CBS rules.
2.4 Roster Movement	An owner may demote a player from the active roster to the reserve roster or promote a player in the reverse direction, at any time and for any reason. Active Roster deadline is according to CBS website. Players can be shifted between Active and Reserve up to 5 mins before each players' game time start. Pick-ups made after the first MLB game starts each day will be reflected in following day's roster. As noted in 2.2 above, all teams must be able to field an eligible active roster at all times during the season (from Spring Auction to end of NABL Season). Temporary illegal rosters due to pickups or trades are allowed, i.e. rosters can go over \$400 or 34 players if the CBS site allows it. However, rosters must be made legal by the time the first MLB game starts each day. If there are no MLB games, e.g. during weird spring schedules or during All-Star break, then rosters must be legal by 1 PM Eastern that day. This applies ALWAYS, so even between the Spring Auction and Opening Day.
2.5(b) Roster Sportsmanship	As a general guideline, owners should set active rosters to maximize their own team's chance of success. Owners should not bench players to help other specific owners.
2.5 Position Eligibility	Players are assigned a primary position by the web site. They are immediately eligible at that position.

	To gain eligibility at an additional position, players must qualify according to these rules: All hitters: (a) at least 10 MLB games in the preceding season or (b) at least 5 MLB games in the current season. For SP: (a) at least 5 MLB starts in the preceding season or (b) at least 2 MLB starts in the current season. For RP: (a) at least 10 MLB relief appearances in the preceding season or (b) at least 5 MLB relief appearances in the current season. Players eligible at more than one position may be used at any of those positions at any time, including two-way players.
2.6 New Player Eligibility	Players are immediately eligible at the primary position assigned by the web site. If a player is not listed on the web site (and added manually), the Commissioner will decide their primary position.

3. SALARIES

3.1 Salary Cap	Each team is allowed a maximum total salary of \$400 at any time during the season.
3.2 Player Salary	The salary of a player is determined at the time of acquisition. It does not change during the season. • The salary of a player who is protected from the previous season is determined by a complex formula described below. • The salary of a player acquired in the Spring Auction is his auction price. • The salary of a player who clears waivers and is claimed as a free agent is whatever salary he was when was put on waivers.
3.3 League Minimum	The league minimum salary is \$1 and all salaries must be an increment of \$1.

3.4 Salary Increases	After the NABL Series, all players will have their salaries increased. These increased salaries will apply if the player is designated as a Keeper or if the player is selected in the Winter Draft. After the Winter Draft, all unselected players have their salaries reset to \$1. Players will have their salary increased by \$3 or 40%, whichever is greater. Example: Player A has a salary of \$1 - he will be given a raise to \$4. Player B has a salary of \$15 - he will be given a raise to \$21. (All salaries will be rounded to the nearest \$1 increment) There is an exception for players who have 0 MLB career appearances. The increase for these players will be \$2, not \$3. In the event of a shortened or cancelled MLB season, NABL will still go through the keeper-Winter Draft-Spring auction cycle during the off-season. The 40% salary increase will be pro-rated (e.g. 81 game MLB season, 40% becomes 20%; e.g. cancelled MLB season, 40% becomes 0%). However, the minimum salary increase (\$3 or \$2 for no-MLB-experience) will remain the same for any shortened or cancelled MLB season.
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4. ACQUIRING AND KEEPING PLAYERS

4.1 Spring Auction	A Spring Auction will be held each year about 3-4 weeks prior to MLB Opening Day. Each team will acquire the players necessary to fill their roster of 30. Including the salaries of the protected players, each team will have up to \$400 to spend. Each team MUST acquire 30 players by the end of the auction. After the auction, each team MUST be able to field a valid active roster (according to positions listed on the CBS web site – it is your responsibility as owners to track positional eligibility, as CBS may update them from time to time). The order of nomination of players at the Spring Auction will be determined by reverse order of standings from previous year. The opening bid will be a minimum of \$1 for any eligible player, with bidding proceeding at a minimum increment of \$1.
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	No team may make a bid for a player it cannot afford. For example, a team with \$10 left and three openings on its roster is limited to a maximum bid of \$8 for one player. Any baseball player is eligible for the auction. Eligible players include (by way of example) previously undrafted players, minor leaguers, unsigned players, Japanese league players, high school or college players, and the old guy down the block named Chow with the great arm. Owners must accept that someone else may pick their team for them in the case that they are unavailable for the Spring Auction, for whatever reason. The Commissioner will set a Roster Activation Deadline approximately 24-48 hours after rosters are entered online. No waiver/free agent transactions may be made before that deadline. This is to ensure equal opportunity at free agents. Initial waiver order will be the reverse order of standings from previous year.
4.2 Trades	Teams are free to make trades of any kind without limit, as long their roster can be adjusted to stay under the \$400 salary cap and they stay within the 30-man roster limit. A few notes on trades: • No trades involving salary or draft picks are allowed. • All players' salaries will remain unchanged if they are traded. • Trades are effective immediately upon submission and confirmation of all parties involved. • Commissioner has the right to question the intent of any trade and subsequently veto any trade. The general intention of the NABL is that trades are allowed unless one team is purposely trying to help the other team or harm his own team. "Trading for the future" is permitted. • See note on trade deadline in Section 5 below.
4.3 Waivers	Players that are dropped are placed on waivers. The waiver period runs for 2 days (usually not counting the waive date). Players can be claimed off waivers, using the online claim system. Waiver priority order will reset weekly based on reverse order of standings. A successful waiver claim will send an owner to the bottom of the priority list for the remainder of that week, until the next reset.

4.3(b) Quick-Dump Rule	Quick-dump players are players that are picked up, not used in active game duty, and then dropped within 24 hours of pick-up. They become unfairly available to other owners as they are forced to waivers. The Quick-Dump Rule makes these players available as Free Agents, and not on waivers. Pick-up of quick-dumped players will need to be done via request (comment on the quick-dump transaction) and manually processed by the Commissioner. The Commissioner will not always identify quick-dump players, so it will be up to owners to find them. The owner who dumped the player is NOT allowed to reclaim the player via the quick-dump rule.
4.4 Free Agents	All players not on an NABL team roster nor on waivers are considered free agents. This includes minor league players. Free agents may be signed without limit. Free agents are available for the league minimum of \$0.1M to the first claimant. Free agents can be picked up directly on the league web site and no interaction with the Commish's office is necessary. <i>(exception: the web site does not list the deep deep Japanese/minor league/high school player that you want – if you would like to pick up someone who does not appear on the web site list, contact the Commissioner with your request).</i> A team cannot exceed the maximum of 34 players on their roster, so it may be necessary to waive a player from the roster in order to accommodate the free agent signing.
4.5 Keepers	Each owner is required to submit a Keeper roster by Keeper Date (TBD) of each year. It will consist of players who are kept or protected for the following season. Keeper salaries will include the salary increases described in rules 3.4. These calculations will be provided to all NABL owners shortly after the MLB season. The sum of all Keeper salaries for one team may not exceed \$180. There are no limits on the number of players retained (other than the 34-man total roster) or the positions they play as long as their combined salaries do not exceed \$180. If an owner fails to submit his Keeper roster on time, the League Commissioner will select the winter roster for that team or has the option of finding a replacement owner.

4.6 Winter Draft	The Winter Draft increases the salary limit for each team to \$230. It is held in draft fashion, drafting in reverse order of final standings for that year. No snaking of the draft order occurs, each round starts with 12th and ends with 1st. All owners are eligible to participate in the Winter Draft. Any players not on a Keeper roster are eligible to be taken in the Winter Draft. Salaries will include the salary increases described in rules 3.4. The Winter Draft continues until all owners: (a) cannot afford any more players given the \$230 cap, (b) have reached the 30-player max roster size, or (c) have decided to stop drafting.
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5. TRADE DEADLINE AND ROSTER FREEZES

5.1 Trade Deadline	No trades will be permitted after 11:59 pm ET on August 20. Trades must be accepted by this time in order to be valid.
5.2 September Roster Moves and Post-Season Eligibility	These notes apply to the period between the trade deadline and the end of the NABL regular season: • Waiver and free agent pick-ups can continue to be made as usual. • Players who have salary $\geq$\$10 cannot be picked up during this period. • Players acquired after the trade deadline are not eligible to play in the NABL Post-Season. • Players acquired after the trade deadline are eligible to be Keepers.
5.3 Roster Freezes	Roster freeze 1: during the NABL post-season Roster freeze 2: 7-day period before Winter Draft Roster freeze 3: 7-day period before Spring Auction These roster freezes allow all owners some time to prepare for Winter Draft and Spring Auction without roster movement. During unfrozen periods, trading and drops are allowed. No waiver or free agent pick-ups during the off-season. • Teams must stay under the \$400 salary cap and cannot have more than 34 players (can only have more than 30 if finished season with some Injured players).

	• After the Keeper Deadline (where teams must cut down to \$180), teams cannot exceed the \$230 Winter Draft limit via trade. • Winter Draft picks cannot be traded.
5.4 Off-Season Drops	Players dropped prior to the Winter Draft will keep their increased salaries and are available to be selected at those increased salaries during the Winter Draft. Players released after the Winter Draft will not keep their salary and will be available for bidding in the Spring Auction.

6. STANDINGS AND STATS

6.1 Rotisserie Scoring	The following criteria are used to determine team performance: • Composite batting average (BA) • Total runs scored (R) • Total home runs (HR) • Total runs batted in (RBI) • Total stolen bases (SB) • Total wins (W) • Total SVHO2 (Saves+Holds/2) • Composite earned run average (ERA) • Composite WHIP ratio: bases on balls (BB) + hits (H) divided by innings pitched (IP) • Total strikeouts (K) Points will be calculated rotisserie-style across all 12 NABL teams. The first-place team in a category receives 12 points, the second-place team 11, and so on down to 1 point for last place. Standings, however, are done by division. Two-way players are eligible as a hitter or a pitcher on any given day and can only be used in the Active Lineup as one or the other, e.g. Shohei Ohtani. Holds – CBS method of awarding Holds to relievers will be used. This is slightly different than other sites (including MLB), as CBS does not award holds for RPs entering before 6th inning.
6.2 Tie-breaking (Regular Season)	All ties in ERA, WHIP and BA will be broken if possible.

	In cases of ties in an individual category other than ERA, WHIP or BA, the tied teams are assigned points by totaling points for the ranking at issue and dividing the total by the number of teams tied. In cases of ties in total points, final places in the standings are determined by comparing placement of teams in individual categories (head-to-head rotisserie). Respective performances are calculated and a point given to each team for bettering the other. Should one team total more points than the other, that team is declared the winner. Should there be a tie between more than two teams, then head-to-head-to-head roto will be next tiebreaker (e.g. 3-2-1 in each category if 3-way tie). If H2H roto does not break the tie, then the second tiebreaker is the team with the higher CF (Chow Factor). $CF = 2 * \text{runs} + Ks$. This is pretty arbitrary, but it never comes to this, and I took the liberty of inventing a formula that includes both hitting and pitching. Should the CF be equal, then look out above, because the sky is falling. Third tiebreaker will be HR. Fourth tiebreaker will be WHIP.
6.3 Official Stats	The official stats of whatever web site we're using are the official stats of the NABL. They usually get them from somewhere official. Currently we use CBS Sportsline.

7. WILD CARD SCRAMBLE, NABL SUPER SERIES AND PRIZE MONEY

7.1 End of NABL Regular Season	The last games of the NABL regular season are played on the day before the last three full weeks of the MLB regular season. Three Division winners and two three wild card finishers (2 3 best non-division winners) will be declared on the subsequent morning. MLB now resumes suspended games and these could be resumed AFTER the end of the NABL regular season. Stats from resumed games count on the original game date for MLB and CBS. However, it is almost impossible for NABL to consider these retroactive stats. Therefore end-of-NABL season standings (including playoff teams) will be declared on the morning after last day of NABL season.
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	However, final standings in rule 7.3 are determined after the end of the MLB season.
7.2.1. Wild Card Scramble	The Wild Card Scramble is conducted between the lowest-finishing division winner and two three wild card teams over the 3rd last week of the MLB regular season. The Wild Card Scramble teams square off with rotisserie scoring for the one week to determine the Wild Card Winner. Points are awarded in each roto category (3-2-1). Tiebreaker 1 is H2H roto between the tied teams. Tiebreaker 2 is regular season point total. Tiebreaker 3 is Chow Factor ($CF = 2 * \text{runs} + Ks$). Tiebreaker 4 is HR. Tiebreaker 5 is WHIP. The Wild Card Winner moves onto the NABL Series.
7.2.2. NABL Series	The NABL Series features the top two division winners and the Wild Card Winner. The NABL series is conducted over the last two weeks of the MLB regular season, including statistics from post-season one-game playoffs (“tiebreakers”) used to determine who gets into extended post-season play, such as Angels-Mariners 1995 and Giants-Dodgers 1951. The NABL Series teams square off with rotisserie scoring for the two weeks to determine the NABL Champion. Points are awarded in each roto category (3-2-1). In the case of a tie, see tie-breaking procedure in 7.2.1. above.
7.3 Final Standings	Final standings are important in determining Winter Draft order. 1st is the NABL Champ, 2nd is the NABL Series runner-up, 3rd is the third-place team in the NABL Series. 4th and 5th place are determined during the Wild Card Scramble. 6th through 12th places are determined by final placement in standings at end of MLB season.
7.4 Prize Money	Each season, all fees shall be promptly collected by the NABL Commissioner, who is empowered to subject owners to public humiliation to ensure that payments are made to the League in a timely fashion. As of 2026, entry fee is \$70 \$60 US per owner. All owners will pay the same entry fee.

	Starting from the 2026 season, the funds will be distributed as follows: • Web site fees (\$155) • Commish expenses (\$15) • Division winners (\$130 each) • Wild cards (\$70 each) • Wild Card Winner (\$50 bonus) • NABL Champion (\$90 bonus)
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